

**SESAM**

**Nov 2008**



# Projekthantering vid MDE

Konfigurations och projekt/linjestyrning med Model-Driven Engineering

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Nov 20, 2008

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# Göran Calås

- Saab AB:
  - Technology Transfer Group – Model Driven Engineering
  - Patent Manger for BU Saab Training
- Saab Training Systems:
  - Software Architect
  - Project Manager
  - Requirements Management Databases
  - Model-based software engineering
- Research: Robustness Analysis and Technology Forecasting method
- Teacher: Design Patterns, Systems Architectures, ...



# AGENDA


- Configuration Management
- Project/Line Management



# Definitions

- QVT (Query / View / Transformation)
- MDA<sup>OMG</sup> (Model-Driven Architecture) for SW design. Supports MDE
- MOF<sup>OMG</sup> (Meta-Object Facility), a formally defined UML
- MDE (Model-Driven Engineering)
- MBSE (Model Based Software Engineering)





**Configuration  
Management  
in MDE**

# Configuration Management

## Traditional SW Engineering vs. MDE

### Traditional SW ENG

- One release at the time
- Few product variants

### MDE

- Work with multiple releases, e.g. a Change should be active in the following releases, and variants
- New product variants are composed of existing model assets

# Configuration Management

## Traditional SW Engineering vs. MDE

### Traditional SW ENG

- Config Item = File, or directory

### MDE

- Config Item =
- Model, Feature, Use Case, Requirement, Test results, Release, Iteration, Group work, Aspect (AP), Model configuration, Code generator, Model transform, MDE Tool environment, My-sandbox, Test model, model of metrics, Usage model, MoDAF artifacts, Domain specific models, Quality status e.g. reviewed/tested...



# Line Manager and Project Manager – New skills demanded

- Advanced Configuration Management skills
- MDE / MBSE modeling and analysis skills
- Tool environment awareness
- MDE process knowledge
  
- If everything is inside the model:
  - It is stupid to rely on progress status rumors
  - When the live up-to-date status exists inside the model
  
- Models are everywhere, not just stored as UML, e.g. MoDAF, parametric models, domain specific models.

# The Project Manager / Architect, defines the software engineering project as a build model

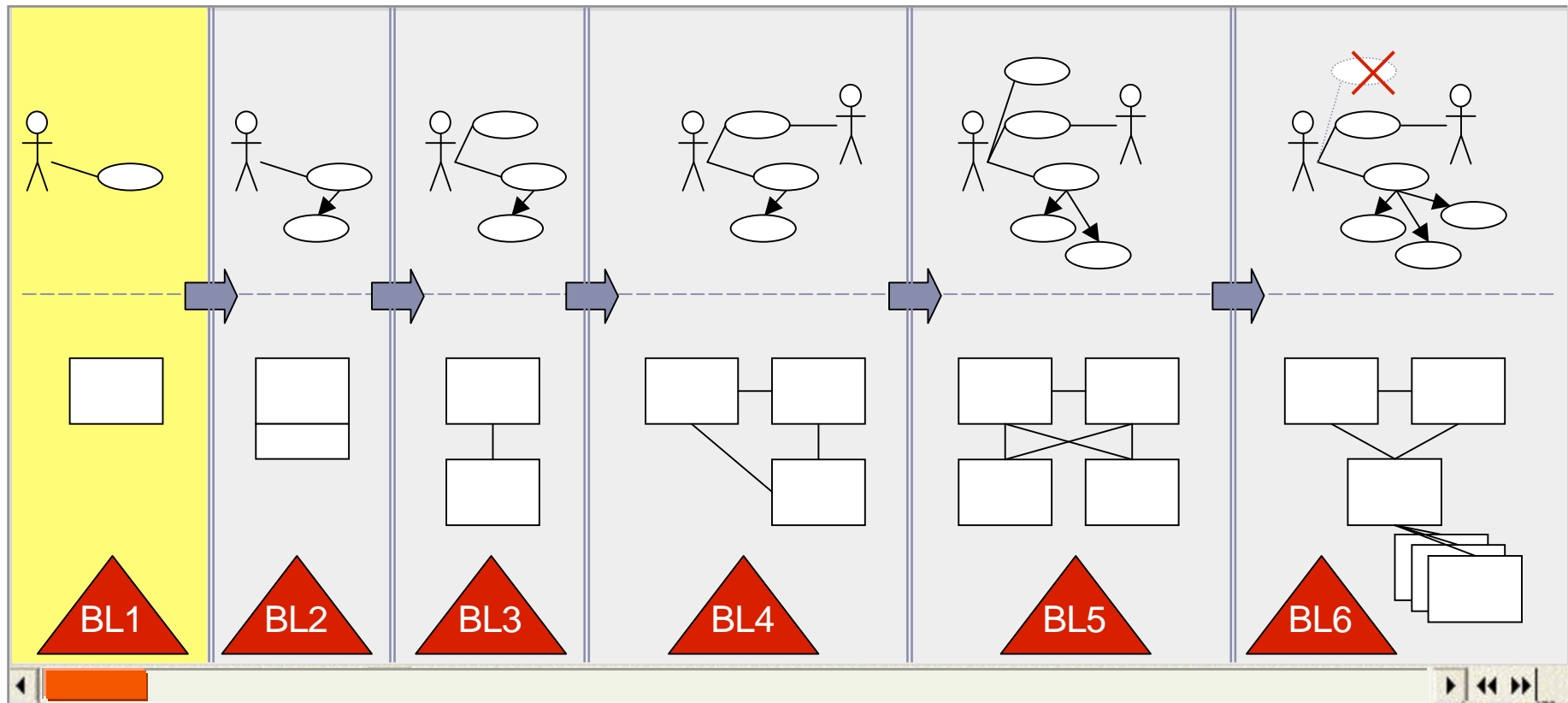
- A project is to satisfy certain goals, e.g defined by S.M.A.R.T.
- The project goal is broken down to work packages
  - Each work package is to bring new value, and changes to the environment
  - If building a house, or software an incremental plan, or model is described
  - By stating economical, and project management properties for each model item, it is possible to calculate estimated project costs, as well as following up project work.
  - Features, High level requirements, Use Cases, package diagrams, component diagrams are usually good stand points for project planning and visual follow up.
  - By visualizing progress, it is possible to use color coded use cases, and baseline plans, showing expected progress and real progress.

# Configuration Management in MDE vs traditional SWE → Consequences

- The model is mapped to files constituting configuration items
- Change management
  - Current practice: ClearCase UCM Activities, are a good base for gathering configuration items, related to useful tasks performed.
  - Better solution: Track Change Management objects and Activities inside model
  - Even better solution: Meta-model manages configuration items and activities transforming configuration items included in old baseline, into new configuration items included in new baseline.
- Similar problems was solved in .NET / CLR & Java environments, using manifest file and version concepts.
  - See DLL-HELL in Windows; and JAR-HELL.
- How would this look?







# CM in a MDE life-cycle perspective

## A time machine...



# CM in a MDE life-cycle perspective

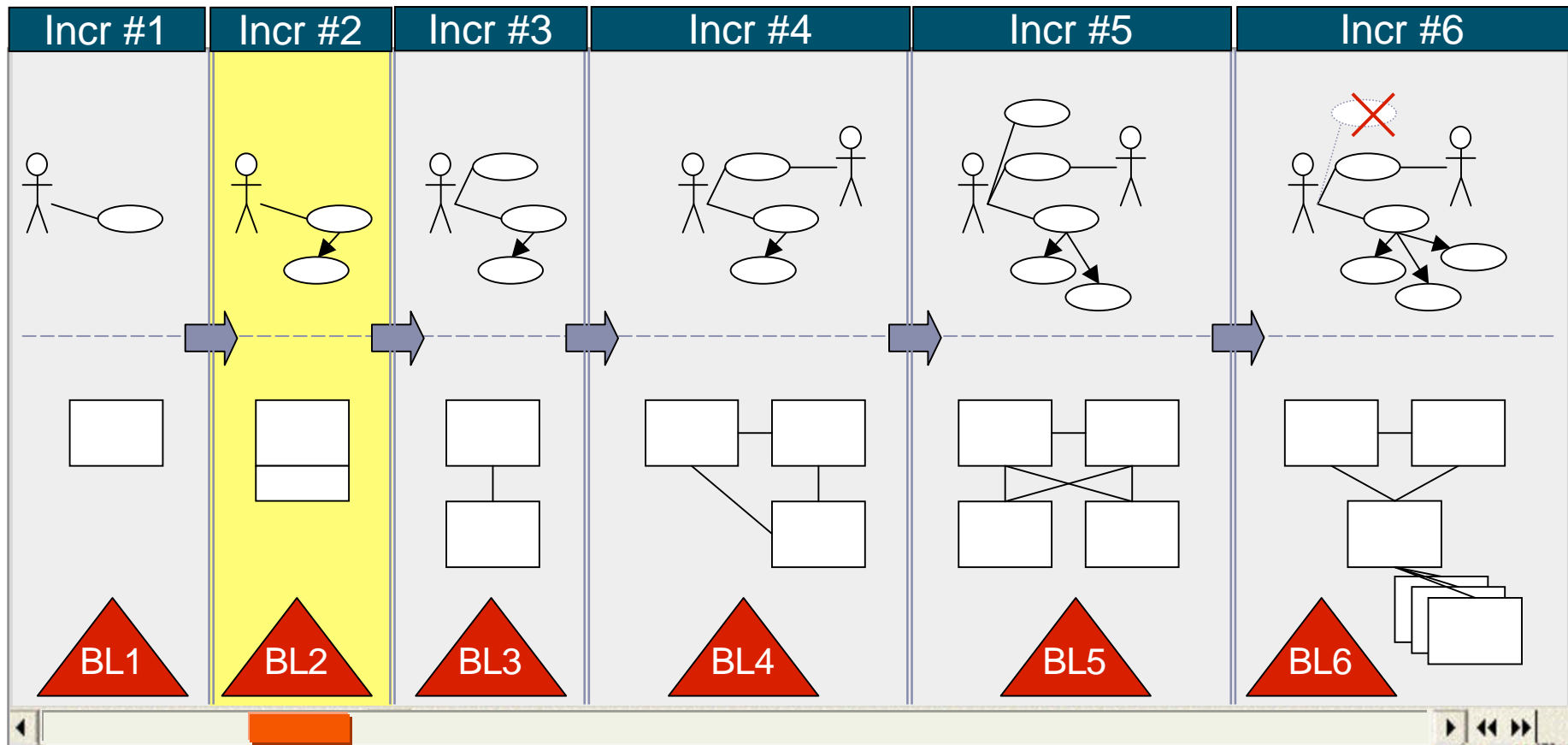
## Create a project, and build plan...

Incr #1	Incr #2	Incr #3	Incr #4	Incr #5	Incr #6
Features Use Cases for Admin role	Add security system	1st Delivery	Add support for second user role	Add Use Cases U and Features F	Optimize performance
Risk analysis Economy	Full staff Kick off CM build plan	First user demo	Requirements Baseline Frozen	Focus on Quality	Acceptance Test Close project
					



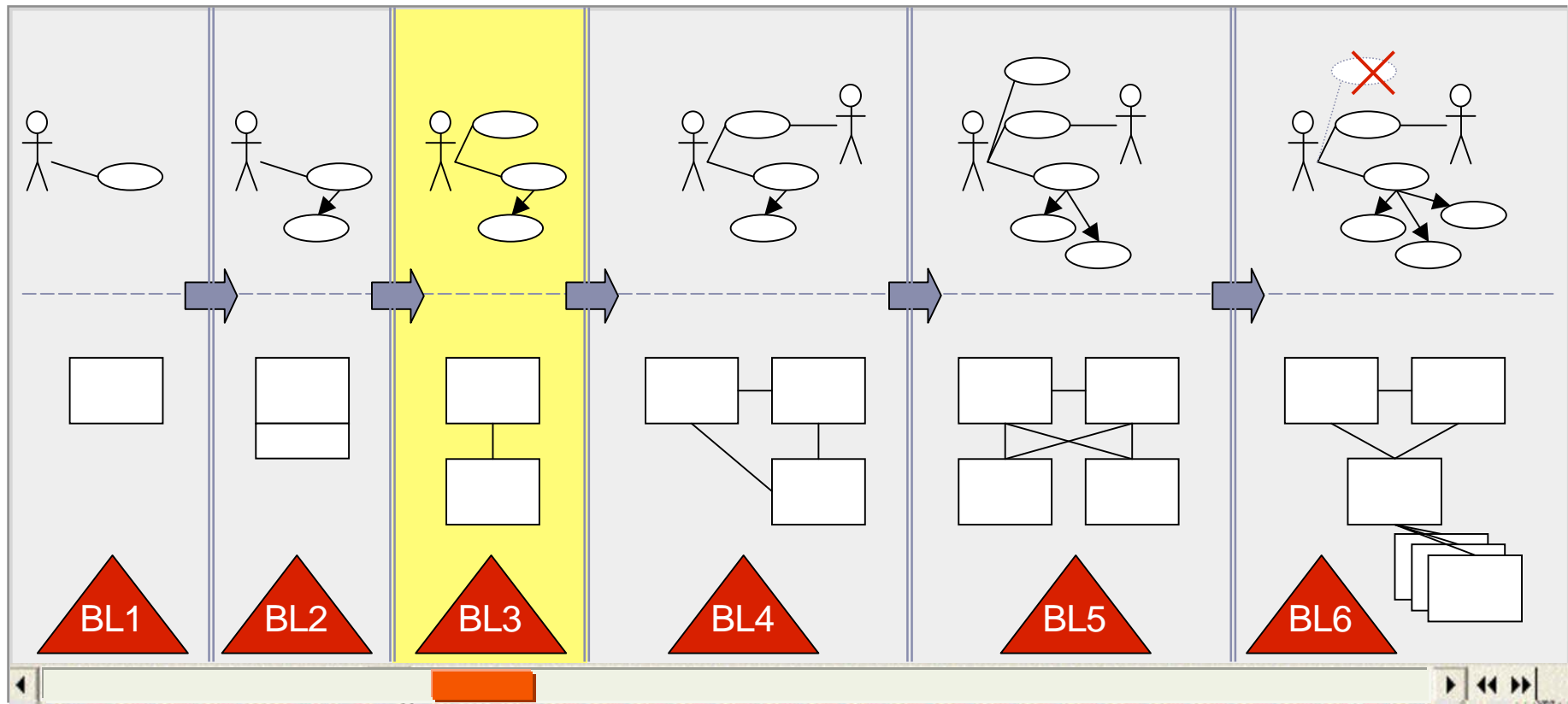
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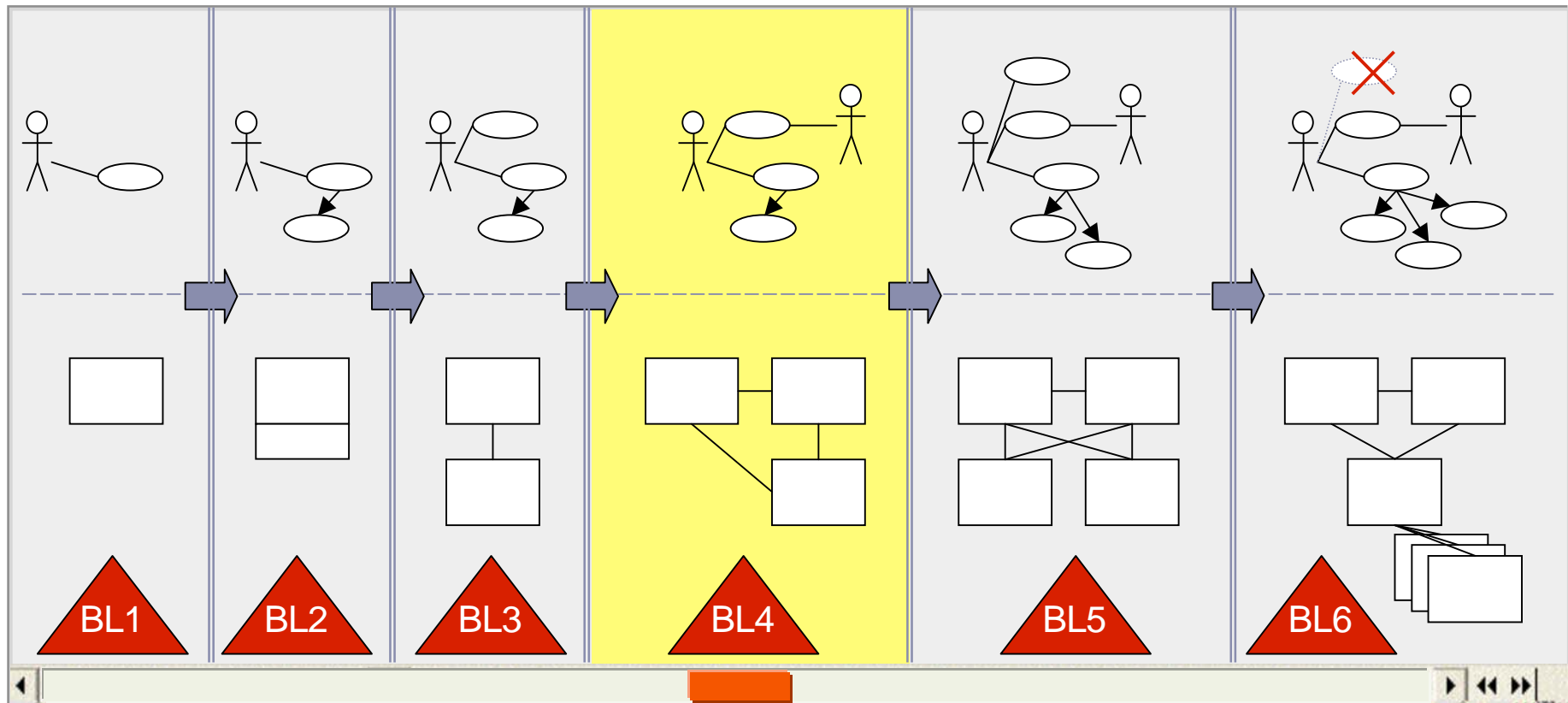
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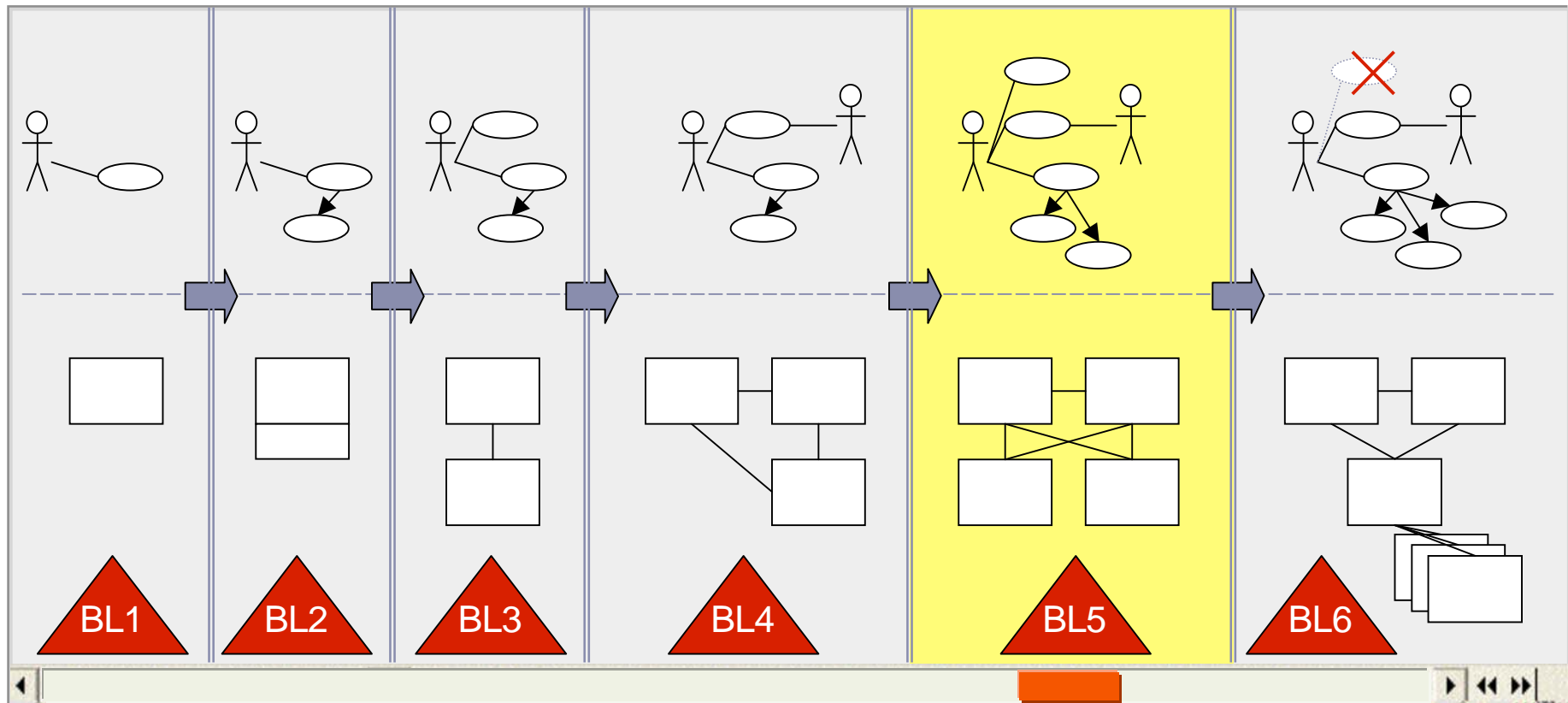
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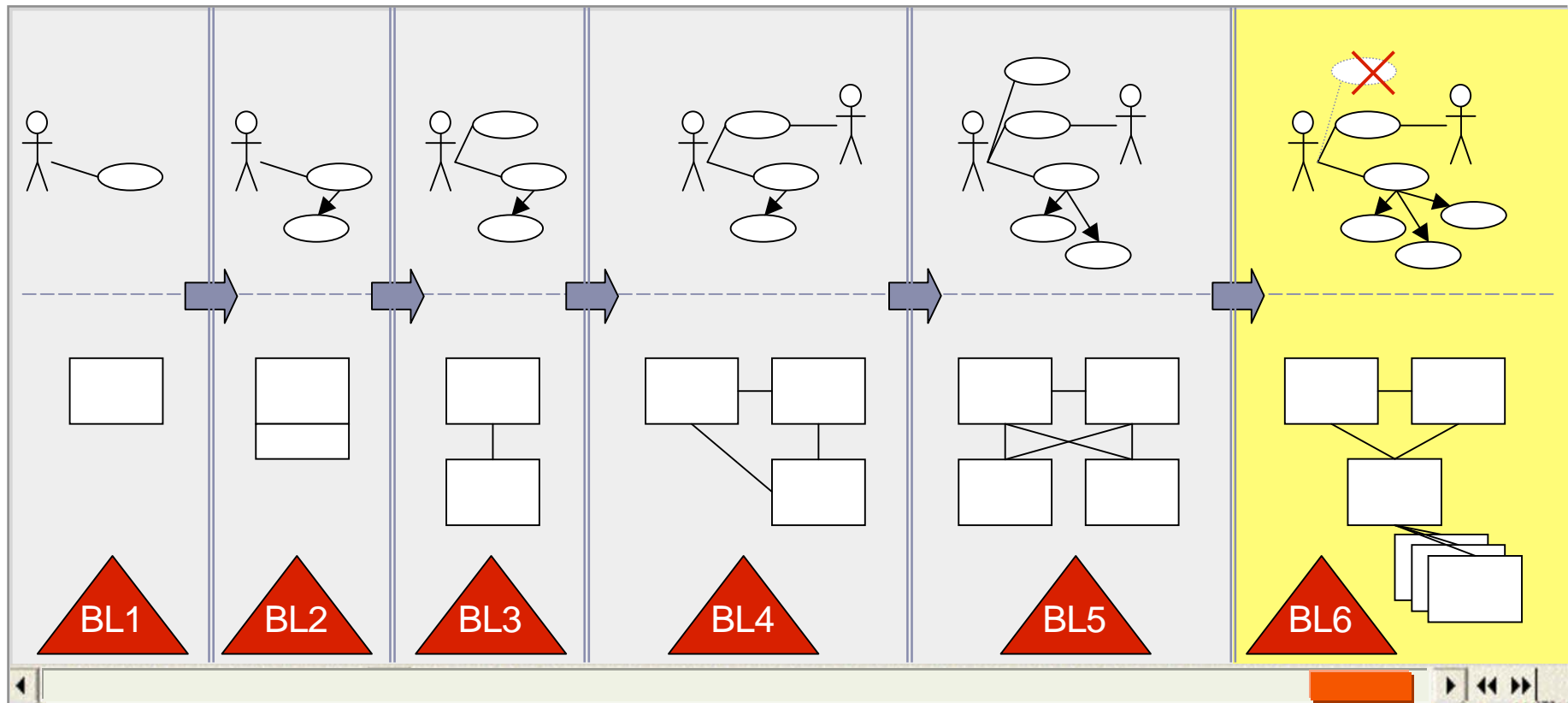
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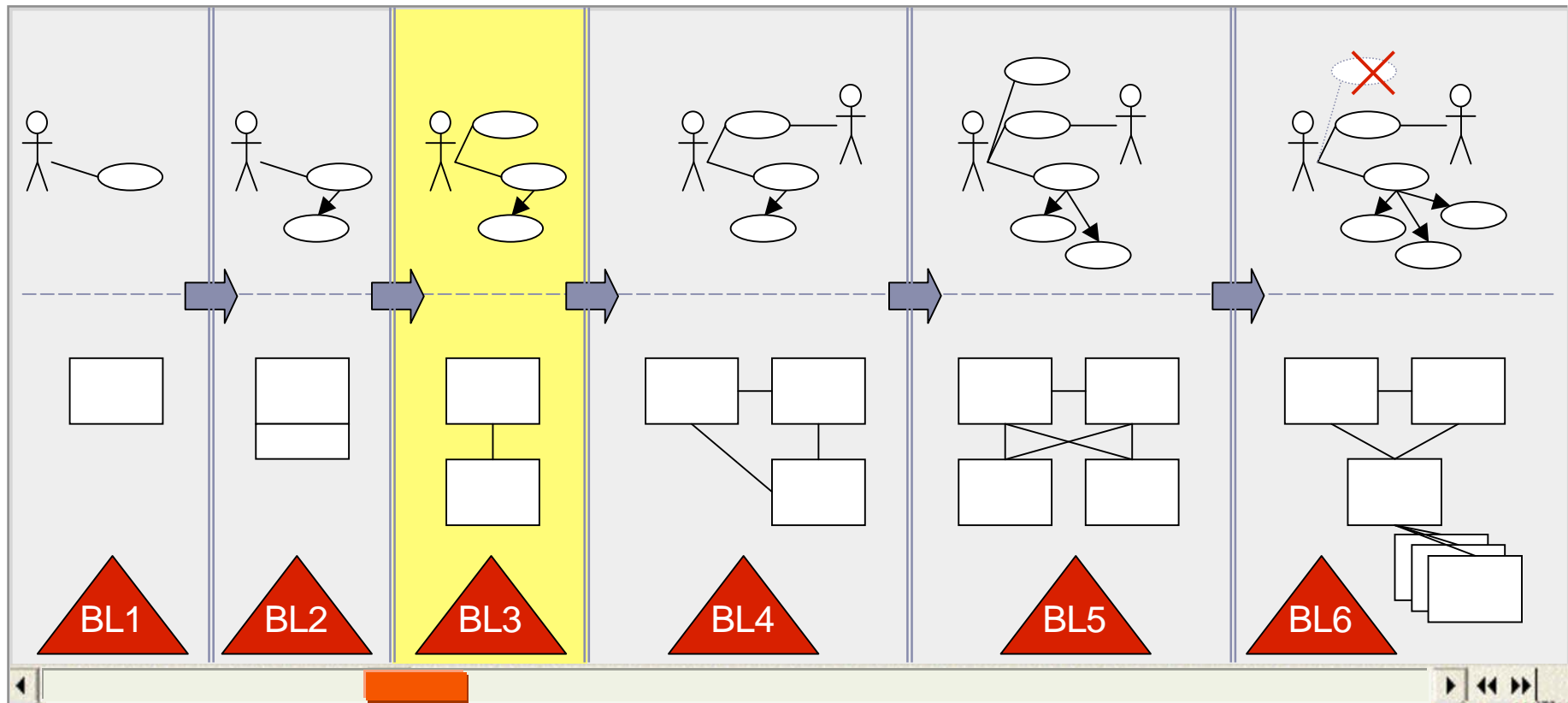
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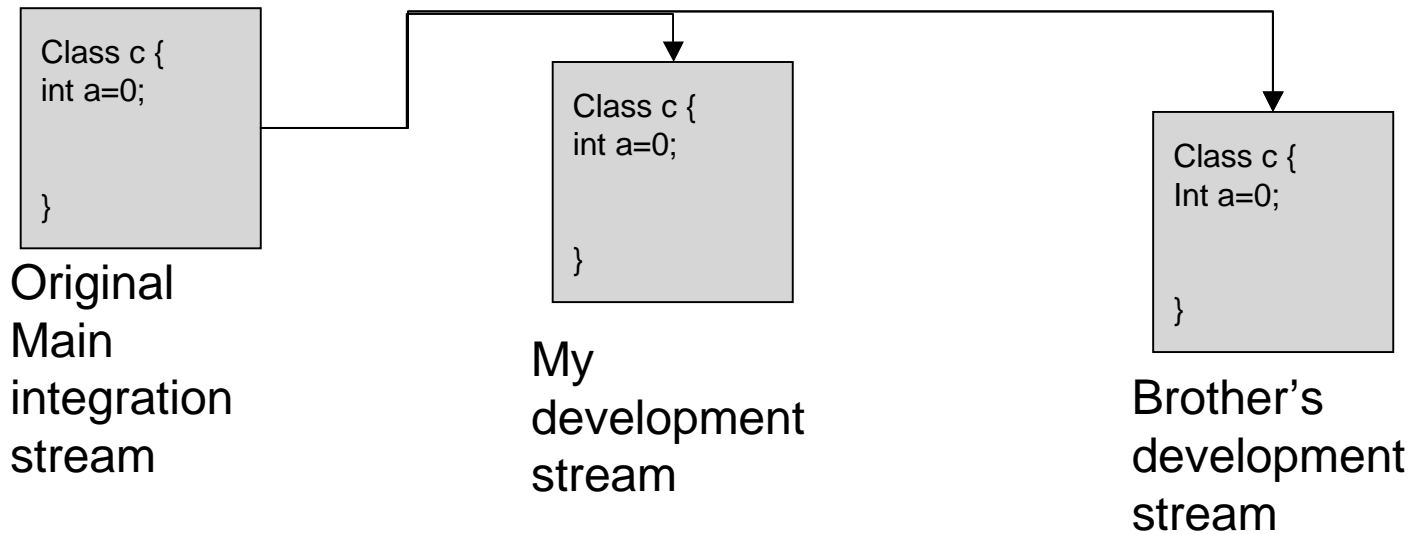


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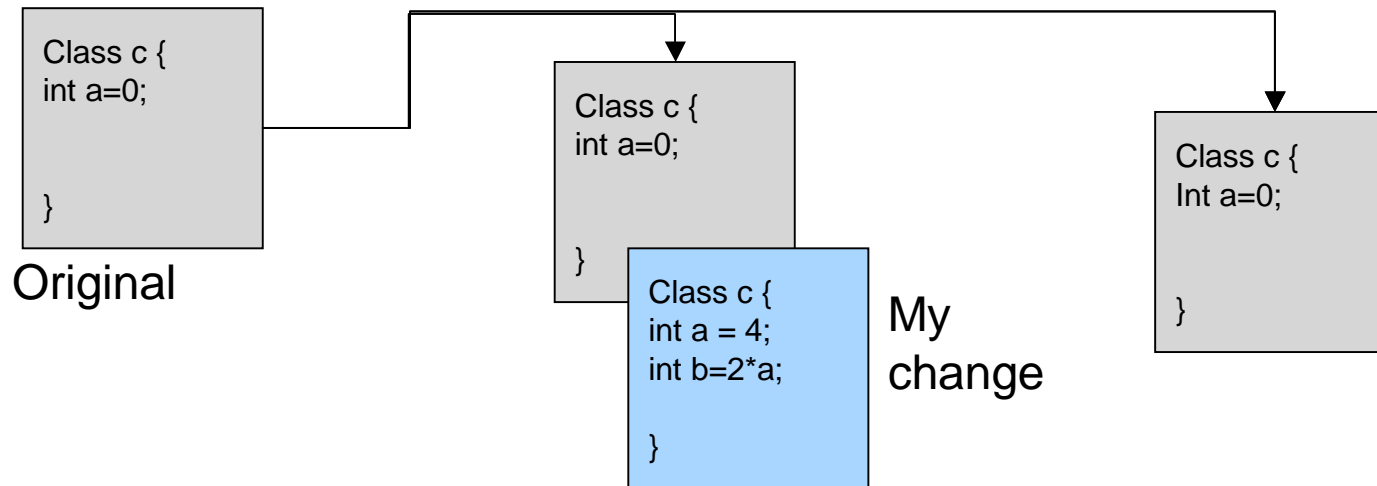
## What you really gets, today...

- Ability to
  - Map model elements to files on a directory structure
  - Map model elements to XMI files
  - Create a baseline based on multiple files
- Problems when
  - New Modeling Tools are released twice a year
  - You want to work on multiple baselines, e.g. baseline comparison, metrics comparison, roll-back of old features, etc.
  - Merging changes three model versions using Base Aware Merge

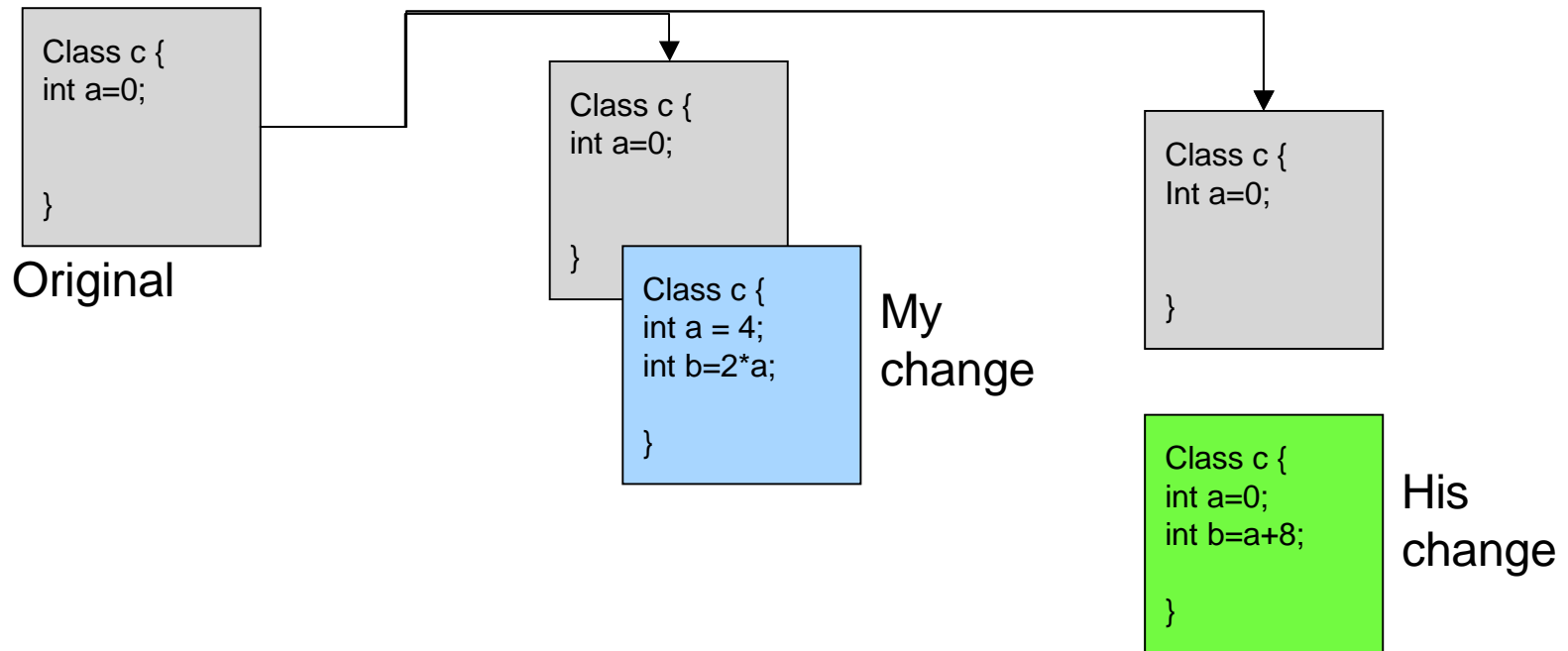
# Base-aware Merge → 3-way-merge from hell



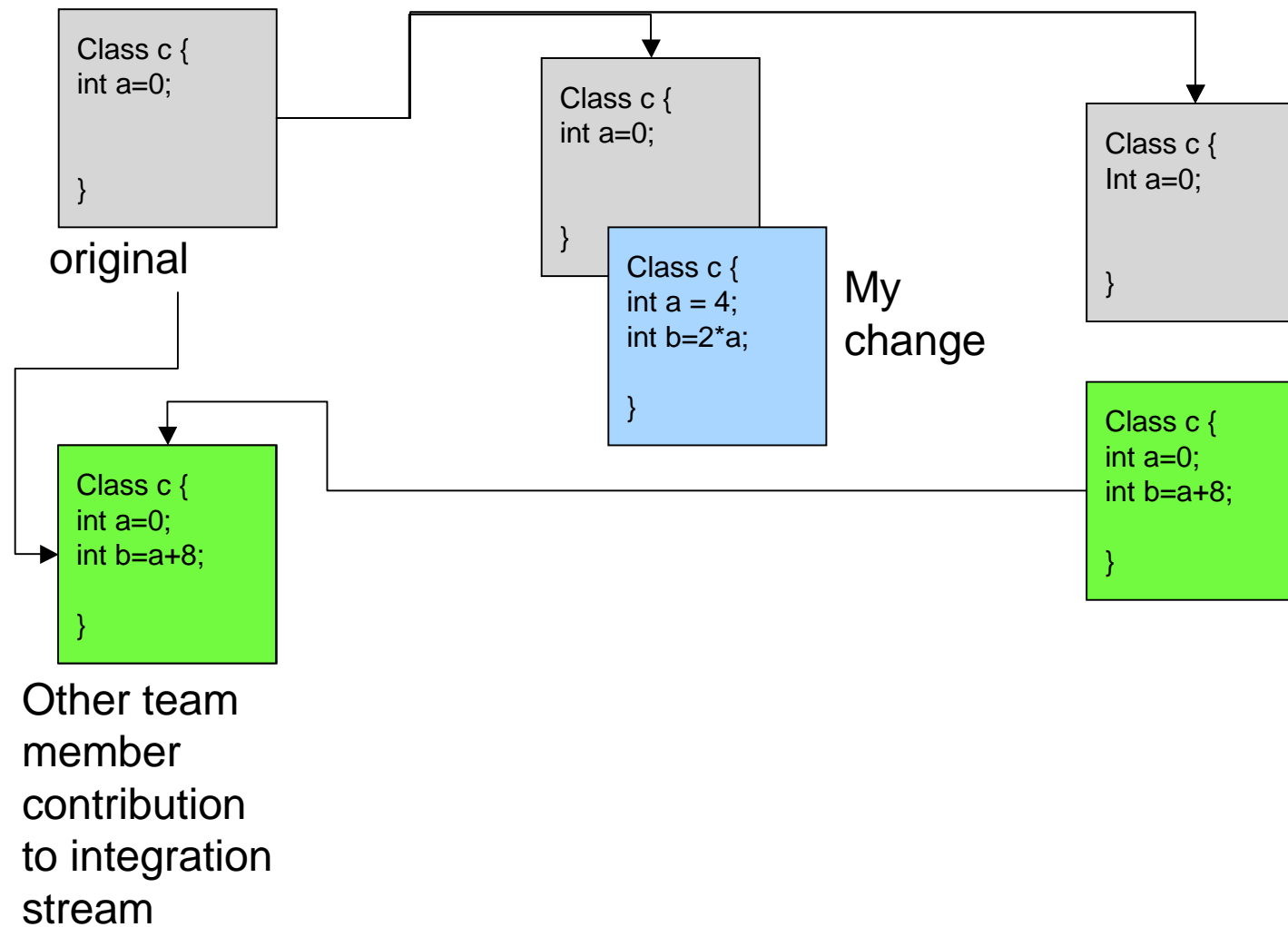
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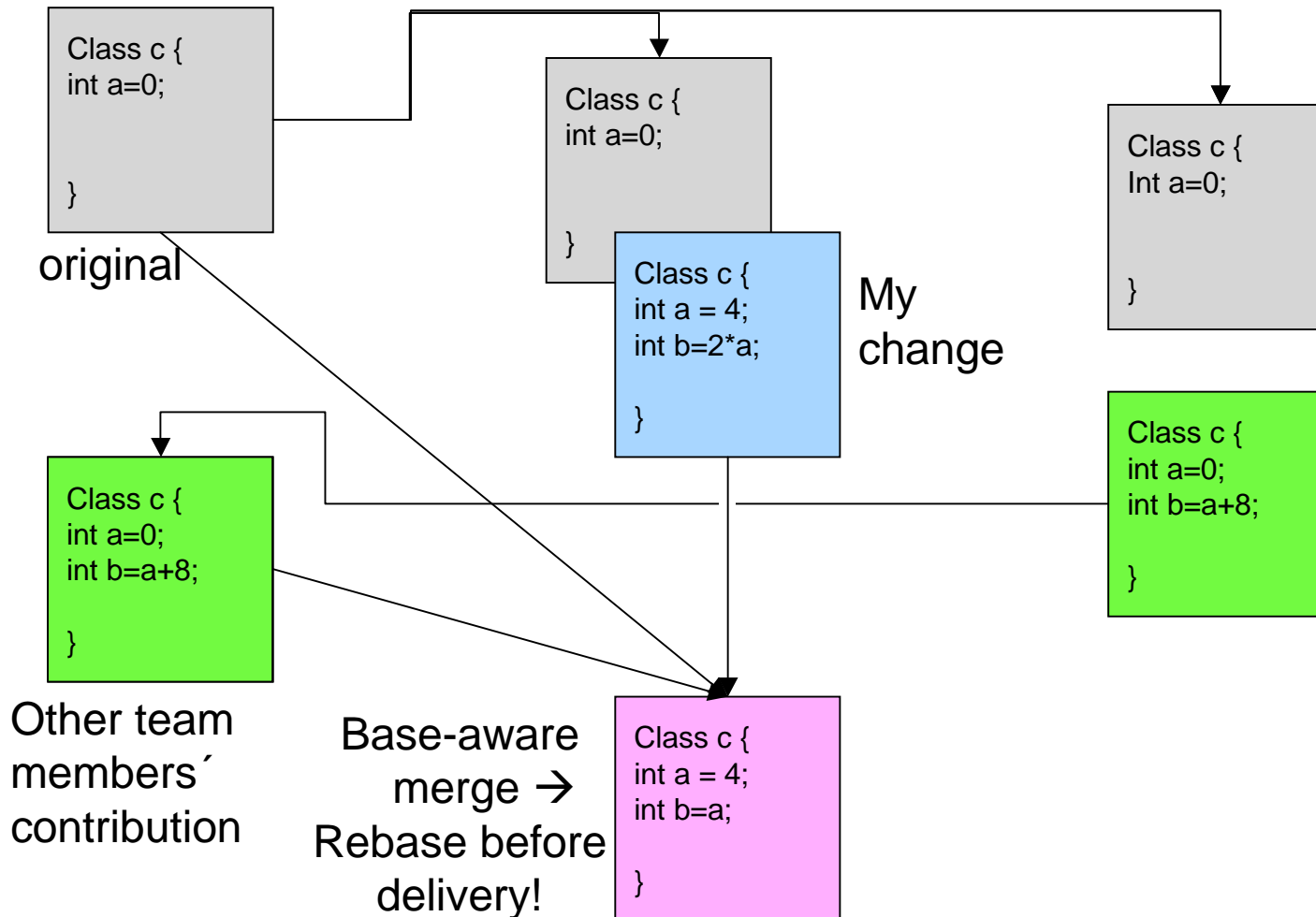


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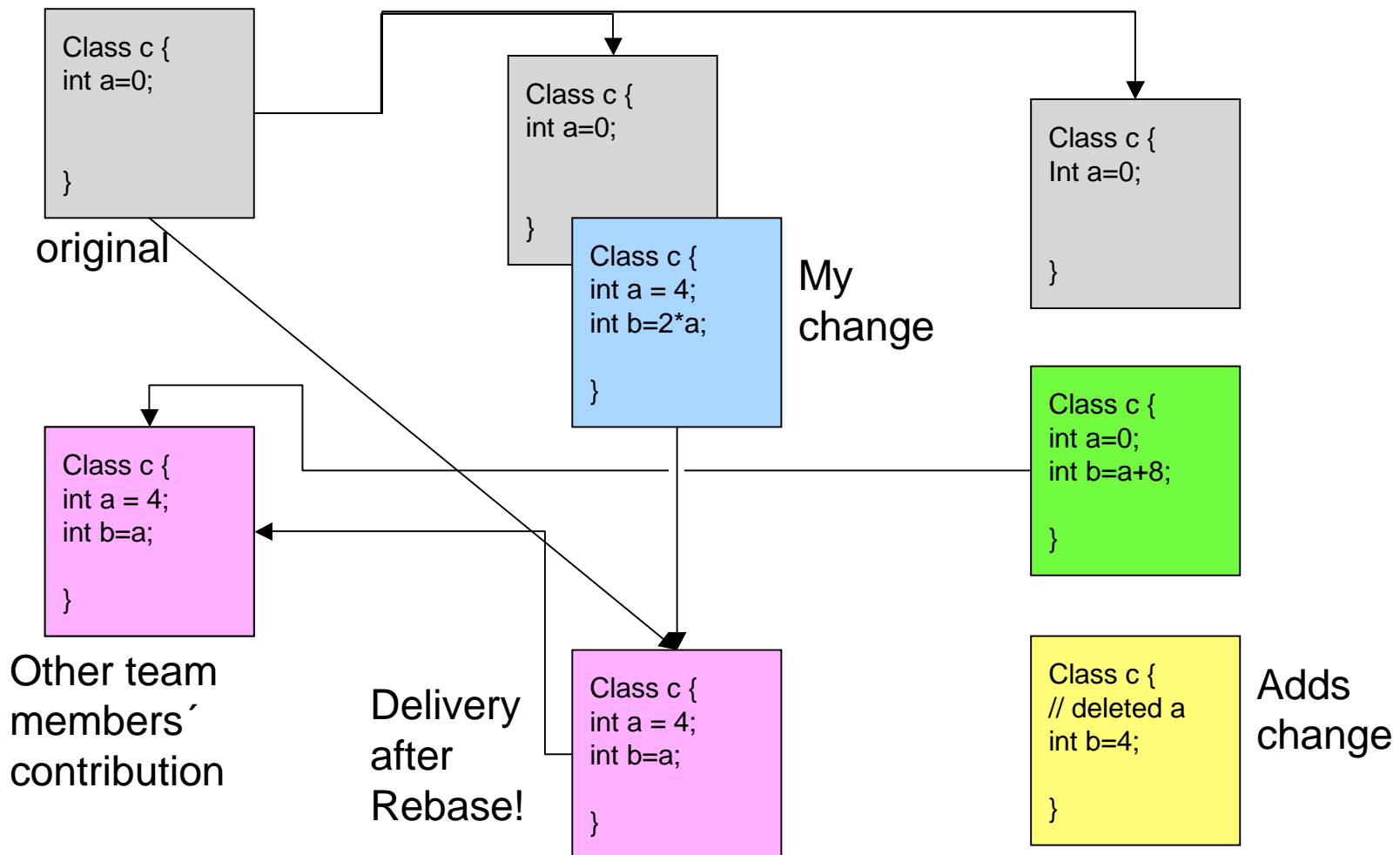




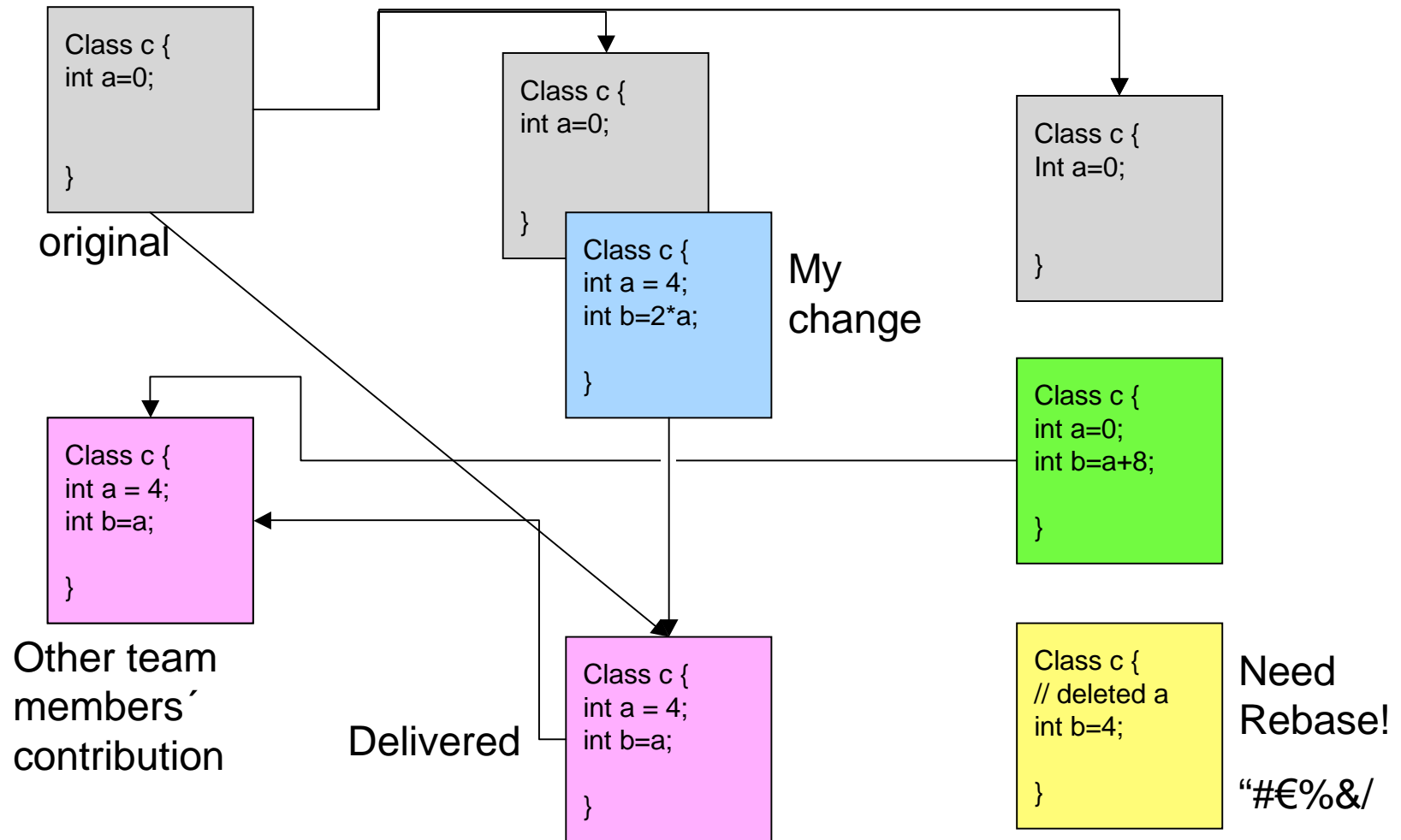
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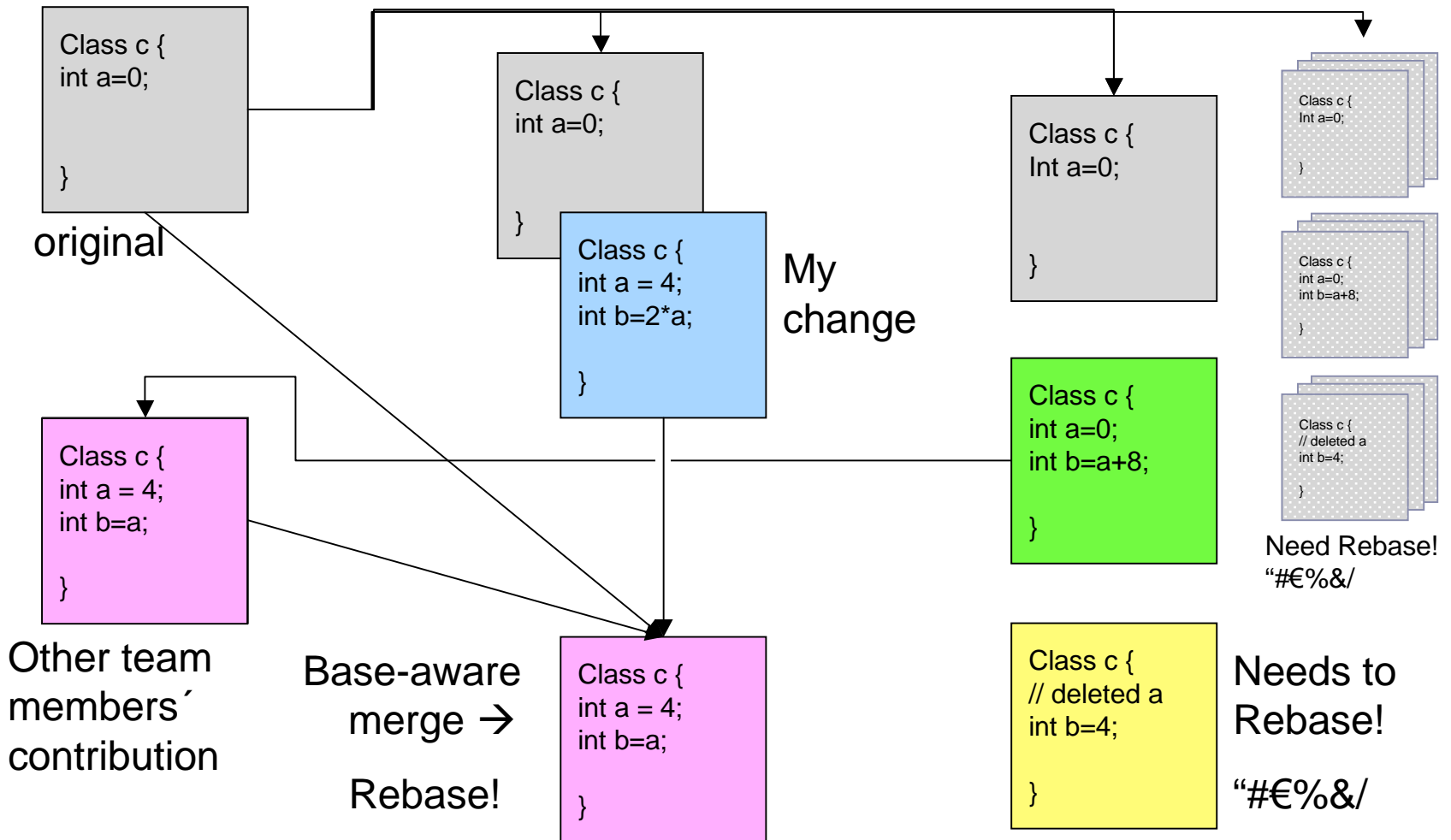
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# Base-aware Merge → 3-way-merge from hell



# Two way merge...

Attribute	Left Value	Right Value
concurrency	Sequential	Sequential
stereotype		
preferBodyToActivityGraph	1	1
protection	iPublic	iPublic
returnTypeIsOnTheFly	1	1
returnType	Heater*	Heater*
constant	0	0
displayName		
description		
Static	0	0
abstract	0	0
<b>ItsBody</b>	<b>return(new AcmeHeater);</b>	
<b>Virtual</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>
name	createHeater	createHeater
<b>properties</b>		<b>Subject CPP_CGMeta...</b>
final	0	0

# Three way merge...

D. Project elevator	D. Attribute	Left Value	Right Value	Base Value
randomElevator	concurrency		Sequential	Sequential
randomFloor	stereotype			
randomTime	preferBodyToActivityGra...		1	1
theElevator	protection		Public	Public
~Building	returnTypesOnTheFly		0	0
Door	returnType	PredefinedTypesCPredefinedTypesCpp::...	PredefinedTypesCPredefinedTypesCpp::...	PredefinedTypesCPredefinedTypesCpp::...
Elevator	<b>constant</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>
IHardware	displayName			
Itinerary	description	returns either Elev	returns either Elevator...	returns either Elevat...
Motor	<b>Static</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>
call elevator	abstract	0	0	0
enter elevator	ItsBody		return (rand() % 2);	return (rand() % 2)
evAtFloor	Virtual		0	0
evCall	name		randomElevator	randomElevator
evChangeDirection	properties			
evChanged	final		0	0
evClosed				
evGotObstacle				
evGoto				

# New possibilities using MDE extended with configuration management awareness

- Project management and increment planning
  - E.g the real-time picture of the model state is a true viable progress indicator
- Travel in time and space
- See transformation events, morphing software model
- Analysis of stinker code, and change prone software
- Analysis of robustness
- Analysis of cost of programming and modelling
  - Taboo?
- Tool for software productivity prediction and analysis
- Technology forecasting
- Re-design patterns, re-factoring, identification of anti-patterns

# What is a software engineering

- **Software engineering** is the application of a systematic, disciplined, quantifiable approach to the development, operation, and maintenance of software.<sup>[1]</sup> It encompasses techniques and procedures, often regulated by a software development process, with the purpose of improving the reliability and maintainability of software systems.<sup>[2]</sup> The effort is necessitated by the potential complexity of those systems, which may contain millions of lines of code.<sup>[3]</sup>
- A.k.a. transform a software system SSa into a better software system SSb, using understood requirements UR, past individual experiences IE, and individual software transformation skills (programming).
- A.k.a. Programming





**Project  
Management  
in MDE**

# Big Bang... or "Extreme Makeover"...



HALVERA UTVECKLINGSKOSTNADEN

Nr 1 – april 2006

På ett par års sikt är målsättningen att halvera utvecklingstiden och ett absolut måste är att den ska ner med minst 30 procent för att satsningen ska gå ihop rent ekonomiskt, säger Niclas Vilsek.

Modelldriven  
utveckling  
i praktiken  
sid 6

Modellbaserad  
utveckling ger  
"Extreme  
Makeover"  
sid 12

## Långsammare i början

Nu ska man inte tro att modellbaserad utveckling omedelbart löser alla problem som finns i den traditionella utvecklingen och direkt leder till högre produktivitet. I början kan det rent av vara tvärtom.

Ett alternativ hade varit att bara jobba med C++ och det är kanske så att vi hade kommit snabbare fram i just det här projektet, men arbetet med modellbaserad utveckling måste ses som en långsiktig investering, säger Göran Calås ansvarig för införandet av modellbaserad utveckling på Saab Training System.

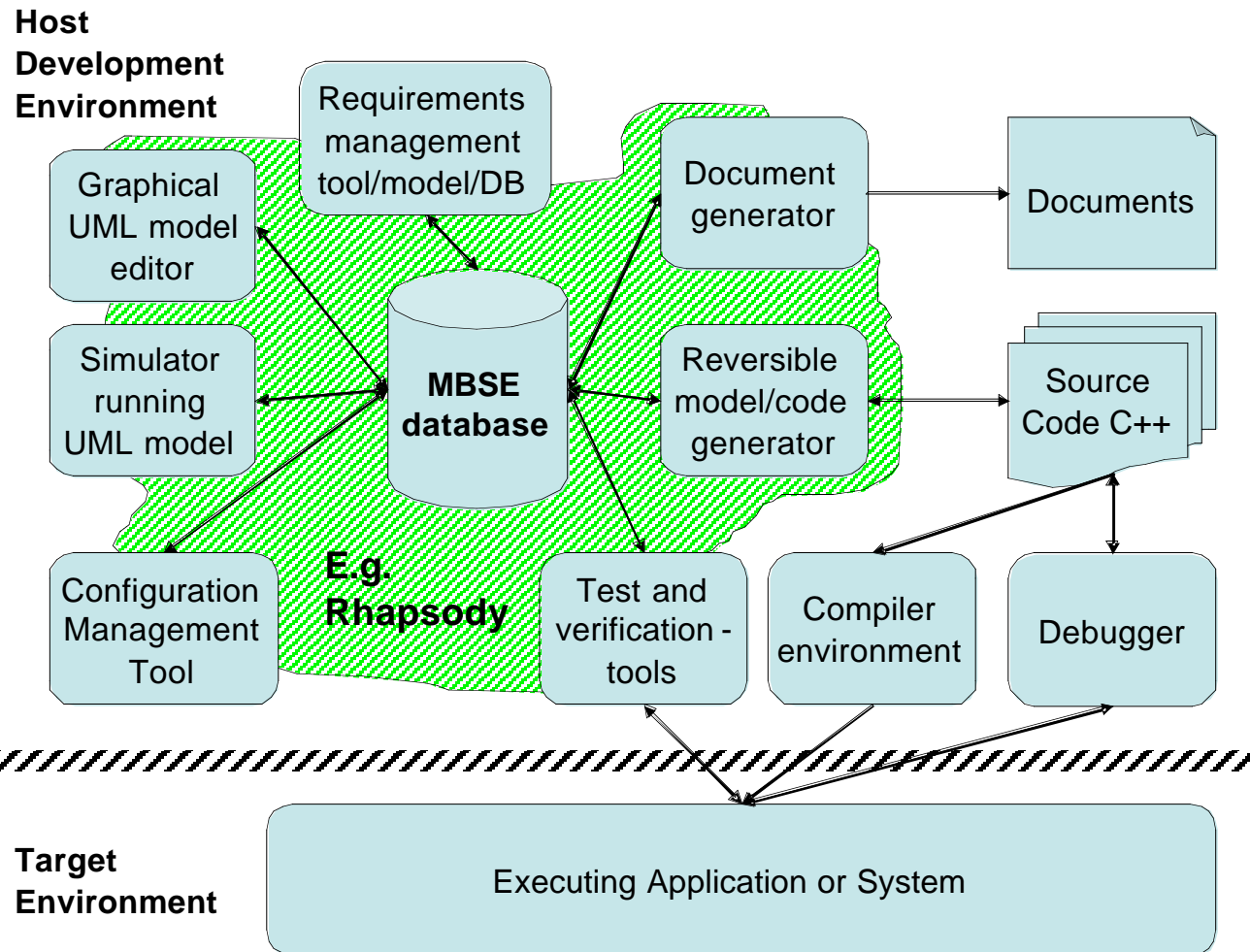
En anledning att det kan ta lite extra tid med modellbaserad utveckling i början är att utvecklarna ska lära sig nya arbetsmetoder och ett nytt verktyg. Det kan vara fruktansvärt frustrerande för experterna utvecklare att upptäcka att de har svårt att åstadkomma de enklaste saker för att de inte är bekanta med verktyget. På samma gång kan det vara något som håller utvecklarnas intresse uppe för den nya metoden.

Det är ett väldigt intensivt lärande hela tiden och det är väldigt stimulerande för utvecklarna även om det kan vara frustrerande ibland, säger Niclas Vilsek.

25 november 2008



# Big bang theory – A case study



# Big bang vs Nice introduction of MDE / MBSE

## Big bang

- Quick
- Early pay off
- High initial cost
- Resistance is futile among team members
- Requires extensive training
- High pressure
- High risks → Quick return on investments
- People cannot be expected to understand potential problems that has never occurred, hence change may not be permanent.
- Requires a champion / mentor
- Requires teambuilding and team room

## Nice

- Takes some time
- Late pay off
- Incremental investment
- Resistance may occur, but can be negotiated.
- Everyone has a fair chance to understand the motivation behind the changes.

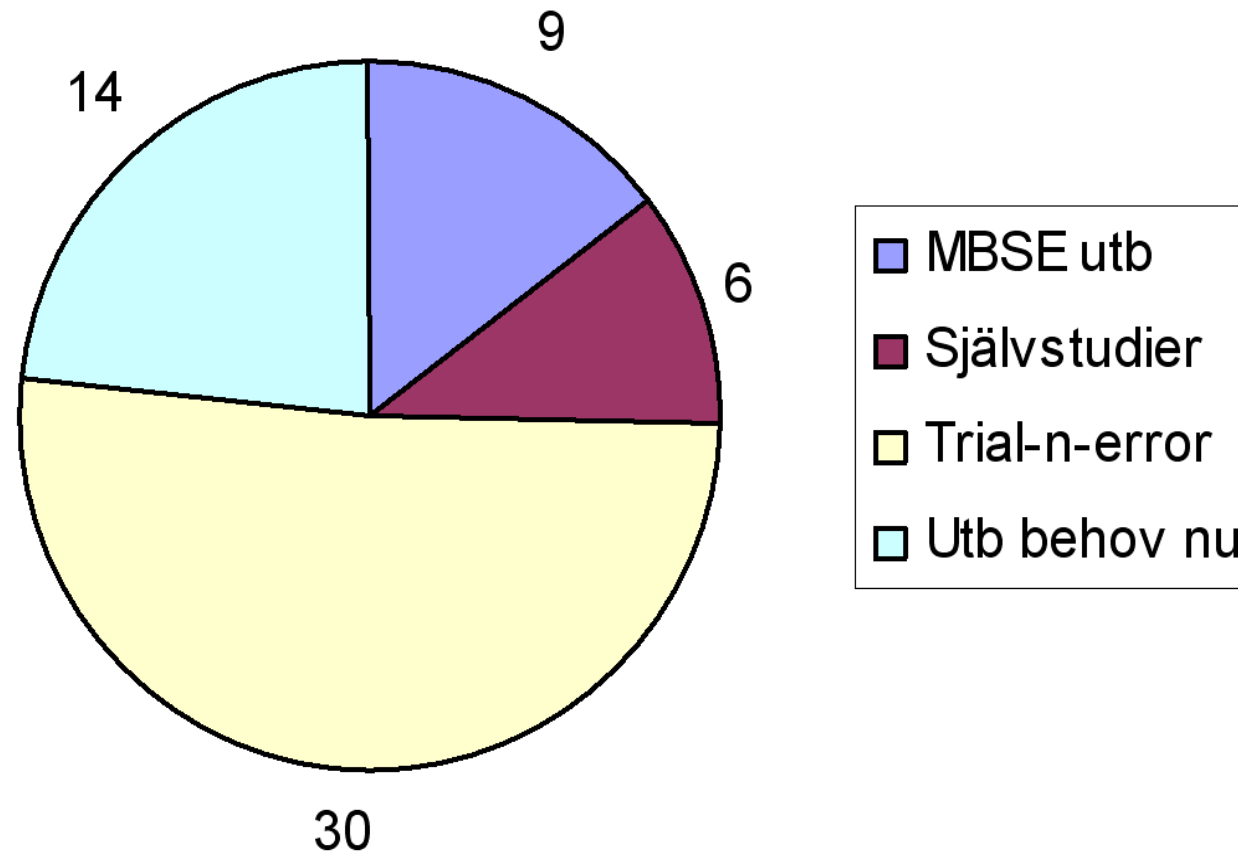


# Do you believe that we (will) earn money using MBSE? (Asked after 18 months operation)

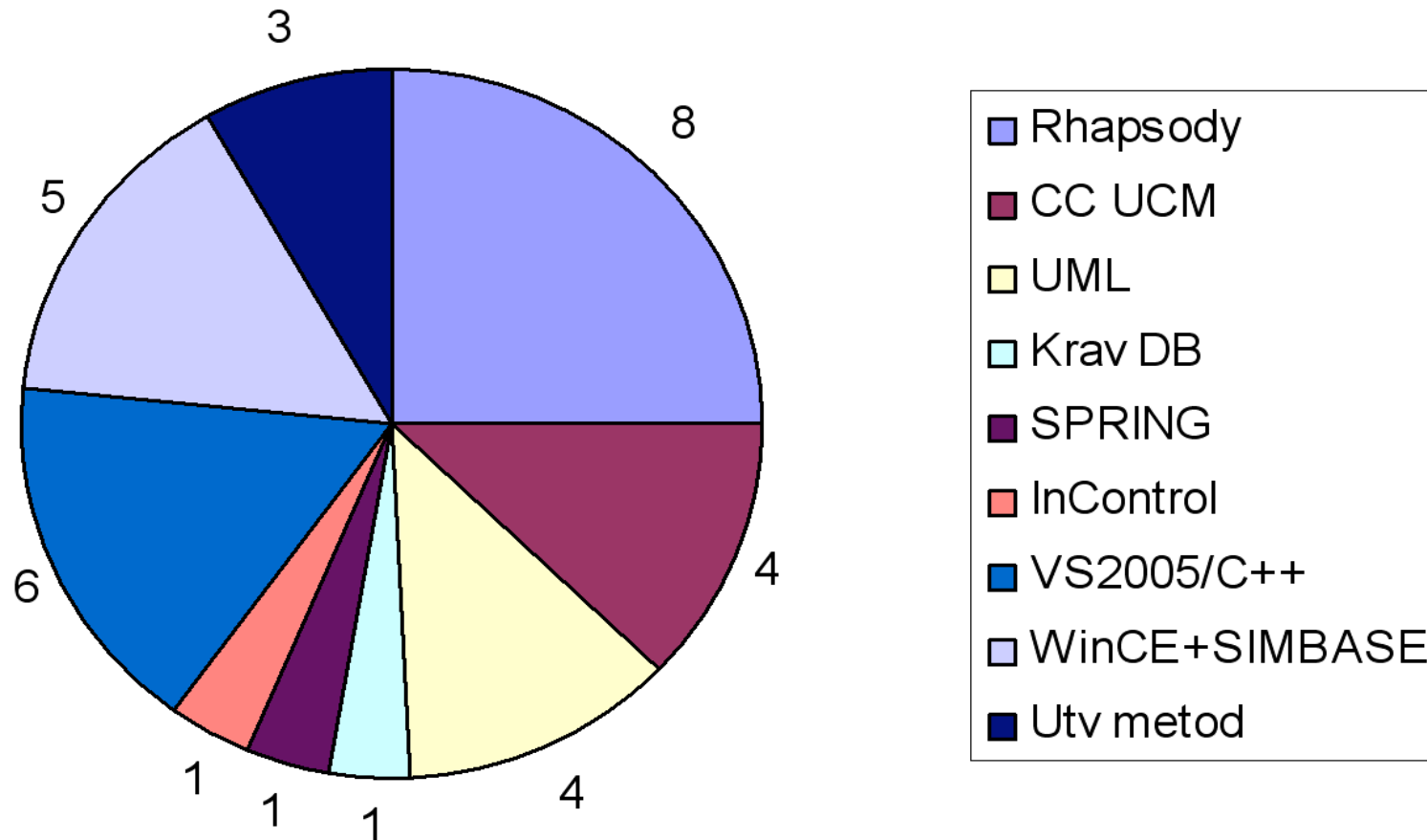
- In the future 50%
- Yes, now 20%
- No 20%
- Do not know 10%



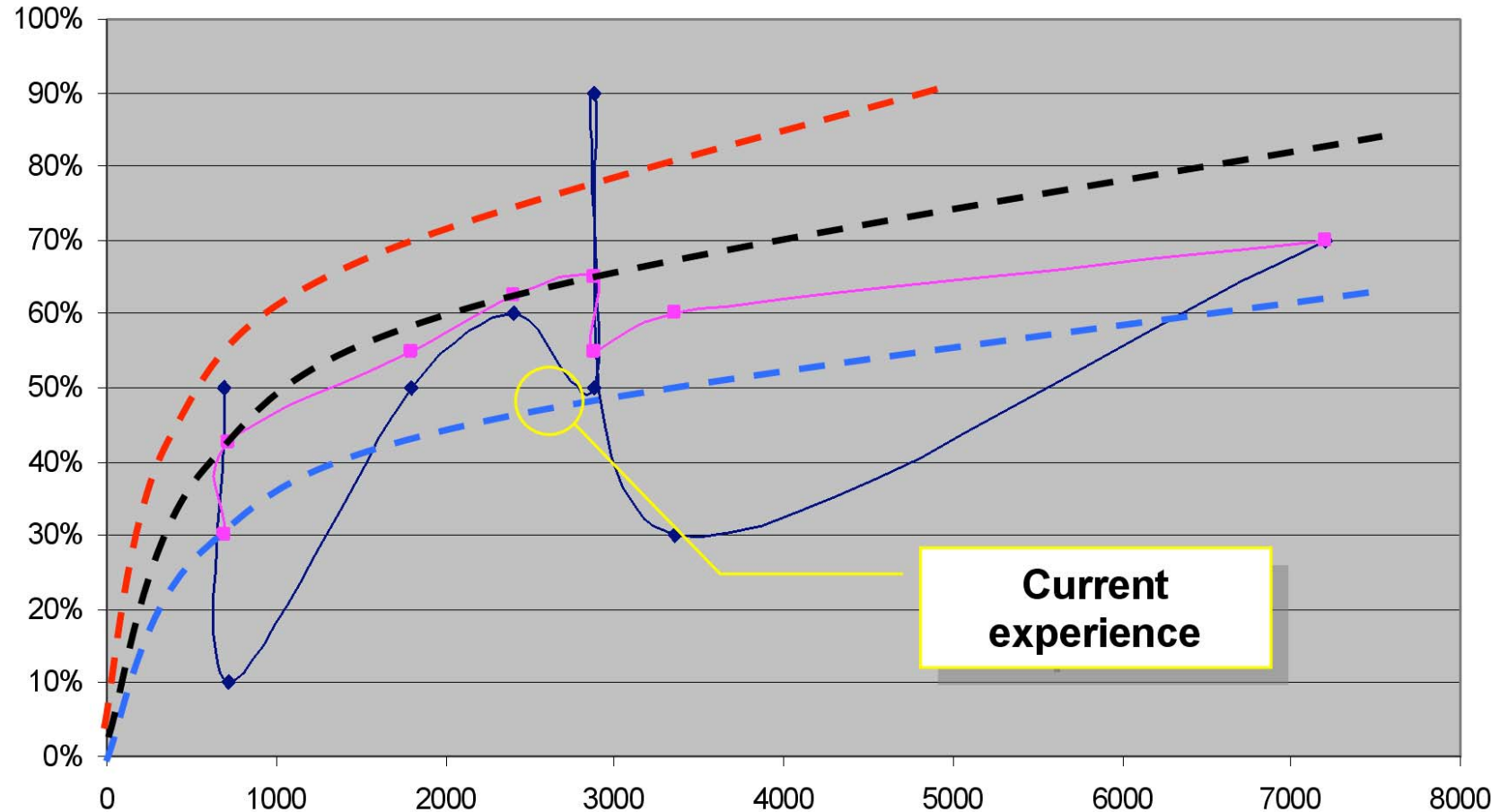
# How did you get needed competence?



Estimated training needs for each project member  
Less than 25% was provided by management  
...extended with "skunk" training



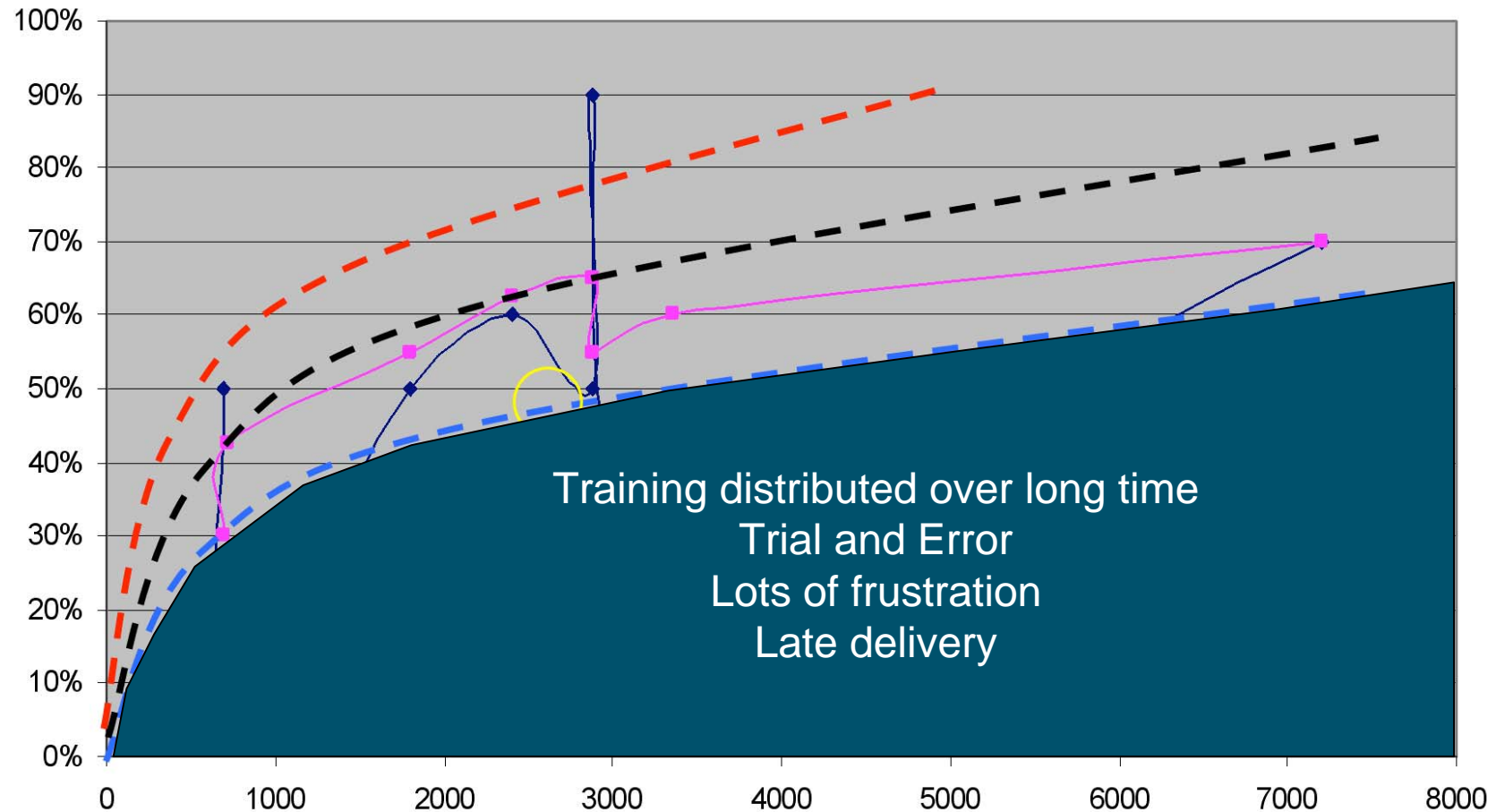
# Individual perceived experience level, related to man hour spent using MDE tools





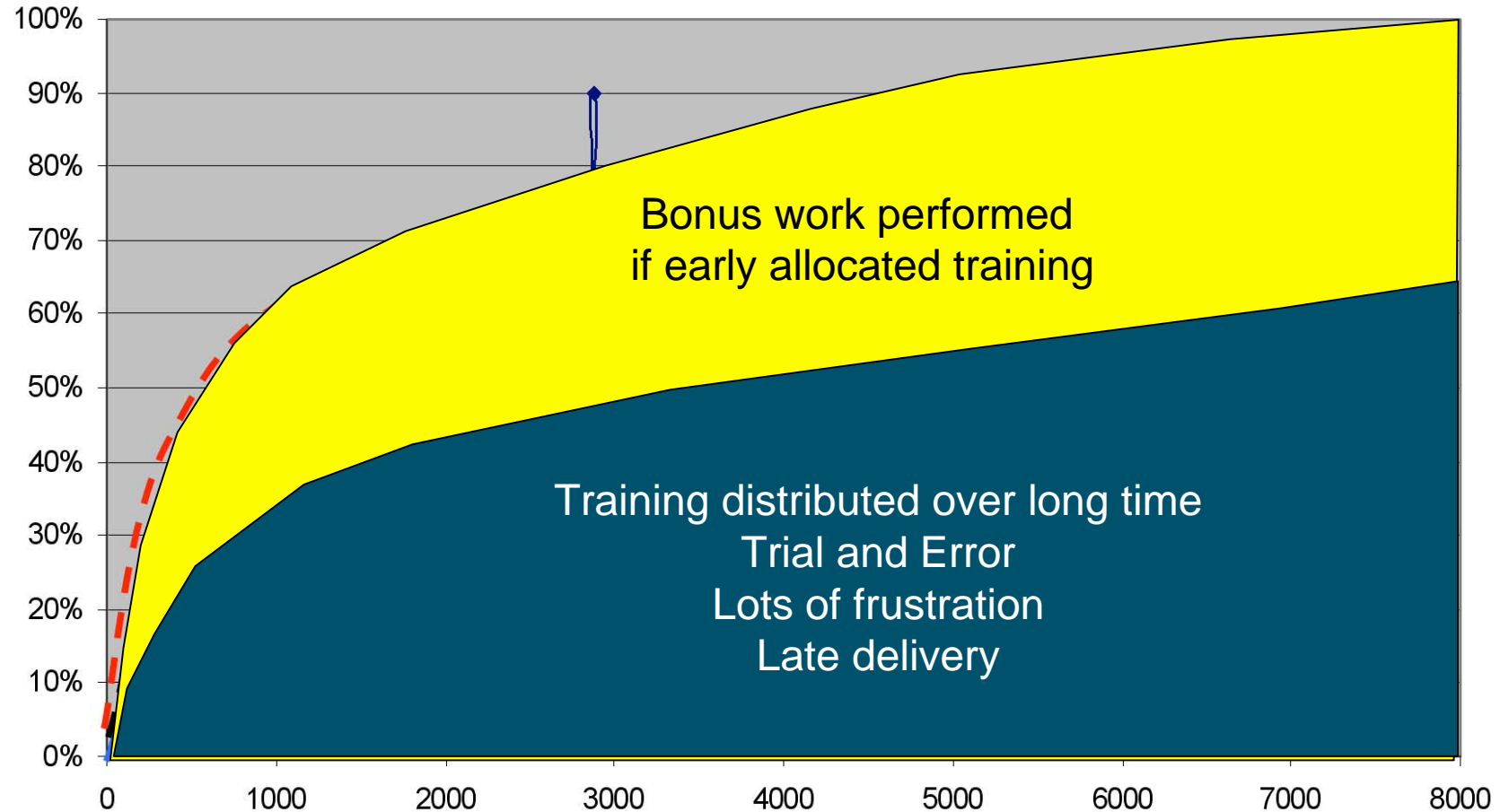
# Impact of weak early training

– Area corresponds to work performed



# Impact of early early training

– Area correpsonds to work performed



# Lessons learnt

- Early training is key to early efficiency when introducing MBSE and MDE tool environments, in team projects with average complexity.
- A MDE champion/mentor with a training objective is essential for on the job learning. This is not a natural behavior for all consultants.
- The Project Manager needs essential skills in MDE, CM, and release planning.
- It is possible to introduce MDE and MBSE as a big bang effort.
  - Keep focus on essential aspects, thus avoiding non productive work. This is a difficult balance between autocracy and team involvement. As the team skill matures, team autonomy is to increase. Situational Leadership!
  - Provide as much as digestible, early and efficient, on-the job training. A key factor!
  - It is essential to keep everyone up-to-date with a master-plan for MDE introduction and project results.



**SUMMARY**  
**CM & PM in MDE**

# Summary

- CM gets more complicated in MDE projects, as more CM aspects are possible
- CM is still immature. CM modelling will be integrated in MDE UML modelling environment, making CM a part of the UML MOF.
- CM aware MDE brings valuable new capabilities.
- By introducing build and CM models, describing project activities in early; MDE becomes second nature for project managers.
- By managing PM models in synch with other MDE artifacts a live project status is known
- Big Bang MDE introduction is possible, risky, requires strong leadership, and early training
- Early training is key to early return on investments in Big Bang MDE
- MDE Project and Line Managers need MDE skills... Live status in the model!

**SESAM**

**Nov 2008**

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